



Robert Burroughs, District 1
Tom Walker, District 2
Pati Nolen, District 3, Vice Chair
Matt Hansen, District 4, Chairman
Greg Jones, District 5

Gabriel Hydrick
Chief Administrator

Margaret Long
County Counsel

Sean Houghtby
Clerk of the Board
(530) 527-3287

9:00 AM CALL TO ORDER / PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

Present: Supervisor Greg Jones, Supervisor Rob Burroughs, Supervisor Tom Walker, Vice Chair Pati Nolen, and Chairperson Matt Hansen

Chairman Hansen presided. Present in the chambers were Clerk of the Board Sean Houghtby by Deputy Mary DiMaggio, County Counsel Margaret Long, and Chief Administrator Gabriel Hydrick.

PUBLIC COMMENT

A resident led prayer and thanked everyone for the prayers and invited the public to a communion service at Highpoint Church on Friday 4/18/25 at 6:00pm.

A resident commented on access to Farquhar Road.

A resident presented documents regarding DMV nondisclosure and material from the American's Bulletin.

A resident invited the public to American Rifle and Pistol Association event at the Tehama Shooters Range off of Manton Road on Saturday, 4/19/25 at 8:30am and to bring ear protection.

A resident commented on the permanent housing solutions for the homeless and the management of the PATH center.

A resident continued the previous statement of the individual regarding the management of the PATH center.

A resident commented on the insecurities of psychopaths and mentioned a bible verse.

A resident read a biblical passage from Proverbs.

Chairman Hansen announced the annual "Tough Enough to Wear Pink" luncheon held at the Tehama County Fairgrounds.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF AGENDA CORRECTIONS

The clerk announced Consent item #10 and Regular item #25 were withdrawn by the department.

PREVIOUS REPORTABLE ACTIONS FROM CLOSED SESSION

38. CLOSED SESSION 25-0531 a) CONFERENCE WITH LEGAL COUNSEL - ANTICIPATED LITIGATION (54956.9 (d) (2) (one case)).

Report Out: Direction given to staff.

39. CLOSED SESSION 25-0517 a) PERSONNEL / PUBLIC EMPLOYEE APPOINTMENT OR EMPLOYMENT (Government Code Section 54957) Title: Interim Director of Public Works.

Report Out: Direction given to staff.

40. CLOSED SESSION 25-0317 a) PERSONNEL / PUBLIC EMPLOYEE PERFORMANCE EVALUATION (Government Code Section 54957) Title: Director of Planning (New Appointment Onboarding).

Report Out: Onboarding Completed.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS STANDING AND AD HOC COMMITTEE

Public Works Committee (Standing) (Hansen, Walker) - Meets 4/16/25.

Veterans Halls Advisory Committee (Standing) (Burroughs, Jones) - Meets end of May.

Public Safety Tax Initiative Working Group (Hansen, Jones) - Not met.

Personnel Procedures & Guidelines Ad Hoc Committee (Burroughs, Walker) - Not met.

REPORTS OF MEETINGS ATTENDED INCLUDING AB1234

Supervisor Jones - None.

Supervisor Burroughs - None.

Supervisor Walker - Cowboy Coffee, Chilli Cook-off, Dedication of Red Rock, and Nor Cal Jr. Claybusters vs First Responders event.

Supervisor Nolen – Sierra Sacramento Valley EMS Agency.

Supervisor Hansen - Corning Health Care Ribbon cutting for Dignity Health, Dedication for Red Rock and Rodeo Appreciation Dinner.

ANNOUNCEMENTS BY COUNTY DEPARTMENTS

Environmental Health /Code Enforcement Director Tia Branton announced there will be a public information meeting regarding the revisions of the proposals for the Red Bluff Landfill at the Landfill office at 5:30pm on 4/15/25.

In addition, Ms. Branton gave updates regarding Park Fire ROE, Specialized Fibers metals clean-up with CalRecycle, DWR grants for well drilling and to contact Environmental Health/Code Enforcement for any questions.

Sheriff Dave Kain gave an update regarding the RAN Board for fingerprint scanners and status of Congressman LaMafa's office grant process for the radio communication systems.

CONSENT AGENDA

Approval of the Consent Agenda.

A motion was made by Supervisor Walker, seconded by Vice Chair Nolen, to approve the Consent Agenda #1-9, #11-12 and the addendum. The motion carried by the following vote:

RESULT: APPROVED THE CONSENT AGENDA
MOVER: Tom Walker
SECONDER: Pati Nolen
AYES: Supervisor Jones, Supervisor Burroughs, Supervisor Walker, Vice Chair Nolen, and Chairperson Hansen

1. **ADDENDUM / ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH / CODE ENFORCEMENT** **25-0622**
a) DONATION - Acceptance of a \$25,000 donation from the Major Crimes Board and the matching of County funds in the amount of \$25,000.
1. **GENERAL WARRANT REGISTER - 3/23/25 - 3/29/25** **25-0546**
2. **AUDITOR'S CLAIM** **25-0541**
a) Court Operations, 2026-53221, KENT R. CARUSO, PH.D., \$3,000.
3. **COMMITTEES & COMMISSIONS** **25-0502**
a) TEHAMA COUNTY BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ADVISORY BOARD - One appointment to fill the vacant term of Consumer/Family Member Representative previously held by Shelley McCullough with said new term expiring 12/31/28 (Interested person: Jimmy Rolson).
4. **COMMITTEES & COMMISSIONS / SPECIAL DISTRICT** **25-0545**
a) LOS MOLINOS CEMETERY DISTRICT - One (1) appointment to fill the vacancy of William Smith with the expired term of 12/31/2028 (Interested persons: John Foster).
b) LOS MOLINOS CEMETERY DISTRICT - One (1) appointment to fill the vacancy of Wendell Raimer with the expired term of 12/31/2028 (Interested person: Wendell Raimer).
c) LOS MOLINOS CEMETERY DISTRICT - One (1) appointment to fill the vacancy of Donna Wallan with the expired term of 12/31/2028 (Interested person: Donna Wallan).
5. **COMMITTEES & COMMISSIONS / SPECIAL DISTRICT** **25-0392**
a) TEHAMA COUNTY FISH AND GAME COMMISSION - One appointment to fill the vacancy for District 3 representative Steve Joiner with the said term expiring 4/15/2028 (Interested person: Steve Joiner).
b) TEHAMA COUNTY FISH AND GAME COMMISSION - One appointment to fill the vacancy for District 2 representative Jim Connors with the said term expiring 4/15/2028 (Interested person: Jim Connors).
c) TEHAMA COUNTY FISH AND GAME COMMISSION - One appointment to fill the

vacancy for District 1 representative Keith Marine with the said term expiring 4/15/2028 (Interested person: Keith Marine).

d) TEHAMA COUNTY FISH AND GAME COMMISSION - One appointment to fill the vacancy for the District 5 representative Ben Myhre with the said term expiring 4/15/2028 (Interested person: Ben Myhre).

6. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE 25-0571

a) AGREEMENT - Approval and authorization for the Agricultural Commissioner to sign Standard Agreement No. 24-0132-042-SF, with California Department of Food and Agriculture for the purpose of placing and servicing traps for the detection of exotic insect pests to prevent the introduction and spread of an injurious insect, for an amount not to exceed \$28,714, effective 7/1/24 through 6/30/25.

Enactment No: MISC. AGR 2025-086

7. ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH 25-0420

a) AGREEMENT- Approval and authorization for the Chairman to sign the agreement with Hill Enterprises for the purpose of providing towing services through the Tehama County Abandoned Vehicle Abatement program for a flat fee as listed in Exhibit C, effective 5/1/25 and shall terminate 4/30/28 (*Subject to receipt of required insurance documentation*).

Enactment No: MISC. AGR 2025-087

8. ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH / CODE ENFORCEMENT 25-0503

a) TRANSFER OF FUNDS - CODE ENFORCEMENT - B-53, Strategic Priorities - From Operating Transfer Out to Contingency (1012-597205) to Contingency (1109-59000), \$25,000; and From Contingency (1109-59000) to Operating Transfer In (70110-471220), \$25,000 (**Requires a 4/5's vote**).

9. FIRE 25-0562

a) Approval to issue a refund to Jeff Enochs in the amount of \$223 for cancellation of the project at 21113 Rolling Hills Oaks Road, Manton CA.

~~10. HEALTH SERVICES AGENCY / MENTAL HEALTH 25-0347~~

~~a) AGREEMENT - Request approval and authorization for the Executive Director to sign Amendment No. 1 to the Misc. Agreement #2024-367 with Aurora Behavioral Healthcare - Santa Rosa, LLC dba Aurora Santa Rosa Hospital, for the purpose of providing Psychiatric Inpatient Services, thereby amending the maximum compensation not to exceed \$500,000 in any fiscal year, with total contract amount not to exceed \$1,000,000, effective 7/1/24 and shall terminate 6/30/26.~~

RESULT: *WITHDRAWN by Department*

11. SHERIFF'S OFFICE 25-0561

a) AGREEMENT - Approval and authorization for the Sheriff to sign the Boating Safety and Enforcement Financial Aid Program Agreement through the California Department of Parks and Recreation, Division of Boating and Waterways, to accept reimbursable Financial Aid Funds to fund boating safety and enforcement activities through the Sheriff's Boating Unit for the amount not to exceed \$133,448, effective 7/1/25 and shall terminate 6/30/26.

Enactment No: MISC. AGR 2025-088

- 12. SOCIAL SERVICES / PERSONNEL 25-0544**
a) OTHER THAN "A" STEP - Approval to appoint the applicant as Social Worker Supervisor I, Range 39, Step B, effective 4/16/25 or upon successful completion of all pre-employment requirements.

REGULAR AGENDA

- 13. FIRE - Fire Chief Monty Smith 25-0548**
a) INFORMATIONAL PRESENTATION - Tehama County Fire Department Annual Report.

Fire Chief Monty Smith gave an informational presentation regarding the Tehama County Fire Department Annual Report.

Supervisor Nolen departed the meeting at 10:00am and rejoined at 10:01am.

In response to Supervisor Burroughs, Mr. Smith confirmed the radio systems are owned by Cal-Fire.

In response to Chairman Hansen, Mr. Smith discussed the operations and maintenance of the conservation camps.

- 14. TREASURER/TAX COLLECTOR - Treasurer/Tax Collector Parker Hunt 25-0480**
a) RESOLUTION - Adoption of resolution that will adjust policy and procedures for the processing of tax sale excess proceed claims.

Treasurer-Tax Collector Parker Hunt discussed the updated resolution regarding the procedures for processing of tax sale excess proceed claims.

In response to Chairman Hansen, Mr. Hunt confirmed this is the modification and replacement of a prior resolution.

In response to Supervisor Burroughs, Mr. Hunt discussed the differences between the updated and prior resolution regarding distributing excess claims and the tax sale process.

In response to Supervisor Walker, Mr. Hunt discussed the percentage of single and multi-claimant on property liens.

RESULT: APPROVE
MOVER: Tom Walker
SECONDER: Rob Burroughs
AYES: Supervisor Jones, Supervisor Burroughs, Supervisor Walker, Vice Chair Nolen, and Chairperson Hansen
Enactment No: RES NO. 2025-024

- 15. HEALTH SERVICES / PERSONNEL - Executive Director Jayme Bottke 25-0532**
a) RESOLUTION - Adoption of a resolution to amend the FY 2024-25 Position Allocation List (PAL), (Reso #2024-080), by adding one (1.00 FTE) Accountant I/II (Limited Term) allocation with a sunset date of 12/31/25, effective 4/15/25.
RESULT: APPROVE

MOVER: Pati Nolen
SECONDER: Greg Jones
AYES: Supervisor Jones, Supervisor Burroughs, Supervisor Walker, Vice Chair Nolen, and Chairperson Hansen
Enactment No: RES NO. 2025-025

16. SHERIFF'S OFFICE - Sheriff Dave Kain 25-0554

a) Approval for out-of-state travel for three (3) detectives to travel to Las Vegas, Nevada on 8/11/25 through 8/15/25 for the California Homicide Investigators Association (CHIA) Conference.

RESULT: APPROVE

MOVER: Rob Burroughs

SECONDER: Pati Nolen

AYES: Supervisor Jones, Supervisor Burroughs, Supervisor Walker, Vice Chair Nolen, and Chairperson Hansen

17. SHERIFF'S OFFICE - Sheriff Dave Kain 25-0573

a) AGREEMENT - Approval and authorization for the Chair and the Sheriff to sign Amendment No. 3 with Ronald L. Clark, DDS (Misc. Agree. #2023-302, amended by Misc. Agree. #2024-231 and Misc. Agree. #2025-026), thereby removing the below insurance requirements from Standard Agreement Exhibit A Insurance Requirements for Contractor.

In response to Supervisor Jones, Sheriff Dave Kain explained site visits and car insurance included in agreement.

In response to Supervisor Walker, Mr. Kain discussed the new evident software.

In response to Supervisor Walker, County Counsel Margaret Long clarified the agreement regarding the insurance provider coverage.

Discussion took place regarding the differences between primary coverage and endorsement sections of the insurance requirements and the liability of dental malpractice.

In response to Supervisor Nolen, Mr. Kain discussed the RFP process and the issues with insurance not covering liability for malpractice.

Discussion took place regarding the certification of insurance, new evident software program and contract liability, and insurance compliance.

Motion made by Supervisor Walker to tabled this item and to be brought back in two (2) weeks. Seconded by Supervisor Nolen.

RESULT: TABLE

MOVER: Tom Walker

SECONDER: Pati Nolen

AYES: Supervisor Jones, Supervisor Burroughs, Supervisor Walker, Vice Chair Nolen, and Chairperson Hansen

18. SHERIFF'S OFFICE - Sheriff Dave Kain 25-0574

a) AGREEMENT - Approval and authorization for the Sheriff and the Chairman to sign Amendment No. 1 to the Agreement with Bennet Omalu Pathology (Misc. Agree. #2025-49) increasing the “not-to-exceed” amount to \$100,000 per year, effective 3/1/25 through 2/29/28.

RESULT: APPROVE

MOVER: Tom Walker

SECONDER: Pati Nolen

AYES: Supervisor Jones, Supervisor Burroughs, Supervisor Walker, Vice Chair Nolen, and Chairperson Hansen
Enactment No: MISC. AGR 2025-089

19. SHERIFF’S OFFICE / PERSONNEL - Sheriff Dave Kain 25-0604

a) Approval of a new classification specification of Sheriff’s Executive Secretary within the Deputy Sheriff’s Association Memorandum of Understanding, effective 4/6/25.

Sheriff Dave Kain explained the reclassifications for Administrative Secretary III and the job specific duties.

Motion was made by Supervisor Nolen and seconded by Supervisor Burroughs.

Auditor-Controller Krista Peterson is not in favor of this item referencing the 22% pay increase.

Chairman Hansen agreed with Mrs. Peterson and would be in favor if the position was reclassified as an Office Manager III.

In response to Supervisor Jones, Mr. Kain explained the pay scale increase, job classifications, and the needs of this position his agency.

Personnel Director Coral Ferrin explained the Office Manager III positions across other law enforcement departments in the County, and the alignment of duties and responsibilities.

In response to Jessica Clark, Mr. Kain explained the comp study and the proposal of this position instead of raising the vacancy.

Discussion took place regarding the wage raises for employees, complications and the functions for this position.

In response to Ms. Ferrin, Mr. Kain explained the changes in 1980 for this position from Office Manager to Administrative Secretary.

RESULT: APPROVE

MOVER: Pati Nolen

SECONDER: Rob Burroughs

AYES: Supervisor Jones, Supervisor Burroughs, Supervisor Walker, and Vice Chair Nolen

NAYS: Chairperson Hansen

b) RESOLUTION - Adoption of a resolution to amend the FY 2024-25 Position

Allocation List (PAL), (Reso #2024-080), by deleting one (1.00 FTE) Administrative Secretary III and adding one (1.00 FTE) Sheriff's Executive Secretary, effective 4/6/25.

RESULT: APPROVE

MOVER: Pati Nolen

SECONDER: Tom Walker

AYES: Supervisor Jones, Supervisor Burroughs, Supervisor Walker, and Vice Chair Nolen

NAYS: Chairperson Hansen

Enactment No: RES NO. 2025-026

c) Approval to reclassify one (1) Administrative Secretary III incumbent to Sheriff's Executive Secretary, effective 4/6/25.

RESULT: APPROVE

MOVER: Pati Nolen

SECONDER: Tom Walker

AYES: Supervisor Jones, Supervisor Burroughs, Supervisor Walker, and Vice Chair Nolen

NAYS: Chairperson Hansen

20. ADMINISTRATION - Administrative Services Director Tom Provine 25-0601

a) TRANSFER OF FUNDS - PROPERTY PLANNING & MANAGEMENT, B-54 From Contingency (1109-59000) to Boat Ramp Cleaning (1076-532319), \$70,565 (**Requires 4/5's vote**).

b) AGREEMENT – Request approval and authorization for the Purchasing Agent to sign the Agreement with Dudleys' Excavating, Inc., for Tehama County River Park Boat Ramp Maintenance, for a total contract amount of \$82,929, effective on the date of signing and shall terminate upon completion.

In response to Supervisor Walker, Administrative Services Director Tom Provine explained the use of contingency funds.

In response to Supervisor Jones, Auditor-Controller Krista Peterson confirmed the budget after the boat cleaning.

In response to Chairman Hansen, Mr. Provine explained the permitting process, renewals, and funding.

Supervisor Burroughs asked why there are no fees for the boat ramp and the fees to go towards maintenance and enforcement.

Jessica Clark suggests this contract to go out to bid.

Chairman Hansen agrees with Supervisor Burroughs and suggests tabling this item, and to be involved with the Fish and Gaming Commission.

In response to Supervisor Walker and Burroughs, Mr. Provine explained using a contractor instead of the Public Works Department.

Discussion took place regarding the timeline for the boat ramp clean up.

Motion was made by Supervisor Jones to table this item to two (2) weeks. Seconded by Supervisor Burroughs.

RESULT: TABLE

MOVER: Greg Jones

SECONDER: Rob Burroughs

AYES: Supervisor Jones, Supervisor Burroughs, Supervisor Walker, and Chairperson Hansen

NAYS: Vice Chair Nolen

21. ADMINISTRATION / PERSONNEL- Chief Administrator Gabriel Hydrick 25-0549 and Personnel Director Coral Ferrin

a) 2025 OUT-OF-STATE TRAVEL

1) Authorization for County Officials to leave the State whenever necessary on private business during 2025.

2) Authorization for County Officials, including County employees directed by a Department Head or designee, to leave the State whenever necessary on County business and / or training during 2025.

Personnel Director Coral Ferrin discussed the out-of-state for County Officials including County employees.

In response to Supervisor Walker, Ms. Ferrin confirmed the training needs to be included and approved for the department's budget.

Michael Kain commented not in favor of out of state travel and the money needs to be spent properly.

In response to Chairman Hansen, Ms. Ferrin confirmed the department needs to report the travel.

Sheriff Dave Kain thanked Administration and Personnel for bringing this item forward for approval.

RESULT: APPROVE

MOVER: Greg Jones

SECONDER: Tom Walker

AYES: Supervisor Jones, Supervisor Burroughs, Supervisor Walker, Vice Chair Nolen, and Chairperson Hansen

FUTURE AGENDA ITEMS

Chairman Hansen requested a letter of support for Crane Mills to participate in CAL-Fire's 2025 Business and Workforce development grant program (Consensus 5-0).

11:20 A.M. RECESS

1:30 P.M RECONVENE

1:30P.M.

Supervisor Burroughs and Supervisor Jones are absent at 1:30pm.

Supervisor Jones returns at 1:31pm.

Supervisor Burroughs returns at 1:32pm.

22. ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH / CODE ENFORCEMENT - Director Tia Branton and Code Enforcement Officer Ron Robbins 25-0459

a) The Board of Supervisors adopt the Administrative Hearing Officer's recommended decision relating to Abatement Costs Lien Hearing Pursuant to Chapter 9.06 (Marijuana) of the Tehama County Code and Government Code section 53069.4 and section 25845:

Owner: Salvador Barriga & Hilda Lucatero
Site Address: 6980 Ox Yoke Bend, Corning, RTR
APN: 062-430-013 ("Premises") (District 4)

In response to Supervisor Jones, Code Enforcement Officer Ron Robbins confirmed the ... (need to rewatch)

RESULT: APPROVE
MOVER: Matt Hansen
SECONDER: Pati Nolen
AYES: Supervisor Jones, Supervisor Burroughs, Supervisor Walker, Vice Chair Nolen, and Chairperson Hansen

23. ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH / CODE ENFORCEMENT - Director Tia Branton and Code Enforcement Officer Ron Robbins 25-0462

a) The Board of Supervisors adopt the Administrative Hearing Officer's recommended decision relating to Abatement Costs Lien Hearing Pursuant to Chapter 9.06 (Marijuana) of the Tehama County Code and Government Code section 53069.4 and section 25845:

Owner: Charley Ray Garrett Dec'd & Betty Garrett
Site Address: 16150 Hill Crest Rd., Corning, RTR
APN: 062-470-020 ("Premises") (District 4)

RESULT: APPROVE
MOVER: Matt Hansen
SECONDER: Greg Jones
AYES: Supervisor Jones, Supervisor Burroughs, Supervisor Walker, Vice Chair Nolen, and Chairperson Hansen

~~**24. ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH / CODE ENFORCEMENT - Director Tia Branton and Code Enforcement Officer Ron Robbins 25-0465**~~

~~a) Request that the Board of Supervisors adopt the Administrative Hearing Officer's recommended decision relating to Abatement Costs Lien Hearing Pursuant to Chapter 9.06 (Marijuana) of the Tehama County Code and Government Code section 53069.4 and section 25845:~~

~~Owner: Mario Martinez
Site Address: 23175 Third Street, Proberta
APN: 037-181-009 ("Premises") (District 2)~~

~~**RESULT:** WITHDRAWN by Department~~

~~**25. ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH / CODE ENFORCEMENT - Director Tia 25-0466**~~

~~Branton and Code Enforcement Officer Ron Robbins~~

~~a) Request that the Board of Supervisors adopt the Administrative Hearing Officer's recommended decision relating to Abatement Costs Lien Hearing Pursuant to Chapter 9.06 (Marijuana) of the Tehama County Code and Government Code section 53069.4 and section 25845:~~

~~Owner: Peter Raap & Lois Raap~~

~~Site Address: 18200 Luce Griswold, Cottonwood~~

~~APN: 006-040-037 & 006-040-039 ("Premises") (District 1)~~

RESULT: *WITHDRAWN by Department*

**26. ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH / CODE ENFORCEMENT - Code Enforcement 25-0516
Officers Clint Weston and Ron Robbins**

a) Public Nuisance Administrative Penalty Lien Hearing Pursuant to Chapter 10.16 of the Tehama County Code and Government Code section 53069.4:

1) HEARING - Conduct Hearing to review the enforcing officer's report of the amount of administrative penalty and to determine whether, and in what amount, the administrative penalty shall be enforced as a lien against the affected property listed below:

Owner: Joseph H Settle Trust 2/14/08

Joseph H Settle Trustee

Site Address: 25325 Sutton Lane, Los Molinos

APN: 078-110-051 District 5

2) RESOLUTION - Adoption of an Administrative Penalty Lien Resolution making a determination and ordering that the amount of administrative penalty relating to public nuisance be enforced as a lien against the affected property and further ordering recordation of a notice of administrative penalty lien against said property.

In response to Chairman Hansen, Code Enforcement Officer Ron Robbins explained the building structure and the foreclosure of the property and the current status.

RESULT: APPROVE

MOVER: Greg Jones

SECONDER: Pati Nolen

AYES: Supervisor Jones, Supervisor Burroughs, Supervisor Walker, Vice Chair Nolen, and Chairperson Hansen
Enactment No: RES NO. 2025-026

**27. ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH / CODE ENFORCEMENT - Code Enforcement 25-0514
Officers Clint Weston and Ron Robbins**

a) Public Nuisance Administrative Penalty Lien Hearing Pursuant to Chapter 10.16 of the Tehama County Code and Government Code section 53069.4:

1) HEARING - Conduct Hearing to review the enforcing officer's report of the amount of administrative penalty and to determine whether, and in what amount, the administrative penalty shall be enforced as a lien against the affected property listed below:

Owner: Leslie L. McDowell
Site Address: 7900 Hwy 99W, Gerber
APN: 064-280-011 District 4

2) RESOLUTION - Adoption of an Administrative Penalty Lien
Resolution making a determination and ordering that the amount of administrative penalty relating to public nuisance be enforced as a lien against the affected property and further ordering recordation of a notice of administrative penalty lien against said property.

Code Enforcement Officer Ron Robbins explained the burned vehicles on the property and the liens amount for non-compliance.

Manny McDowell stated Leslie L. McDowell is his father and requested the Board allow more time to clean up the property.

In addition, Mr. McDowell discussed his current situation and explained the outcome of the vehicles on the property.

In response to Chairman Hansen, Mr. Robbins stated this case has been opened since 2023.

Chairman Hansen explained the ongoing issues and recommended Mr. McDowell to negotiate the fees after the property has been cleaned up.

RESULT: APPROVE
MOVER: Matt Hansen
SECONDER: Greg Jones
AYES: Supervisor Jones, Supervisor Burroughs, Supervisor Walker, Vice Chair Nolen, and Chairperson Hansen
Enactment No: RES NO. 2025-027

**28. ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH / CODE ENFORCEMENT - Code Enforcement 25-0511
Officers Clint Weston and Ron Robbins**

a) Request that the Board of Supervisors adopt the recommended decision of the Planning Commission declaring the existence of a public nuisance on the property, ordering the abatement thereof; and directing an itemized accounting of the costs incurred in abating the public nuisance, without further notice of hearing.

Owner: David Christopher Griffin, Life Estate,
David Samuel Griffin, Anna Marie Griffin,
Heather Lynn Griffin, Jared Marcus Christopher Griffin

Site Address: 15035 Frontier Dr., Red Bluff
APN: 007-480-011 (District 1)
Code Case: CE-25-24

Code Enforcement Officer Ron Robbins discussed the public nuisance recommended by the Planning Commission and presented pictures of the parcel.

David Christopher Griffin explained the weather issues for the months of January and

February and stated with current weather conditions he is clearing up the property.

In response to Supervisor Burroughs, Mr. Griffin stated he would need at least 30 more days to clean the property if weather permits.

Motion made by Supervisor Burroughs to table this item to the 5/20/25 agenda.
Seconded by Supervisor Nolen.

RESULT: TABLE

MOVER: Rob Burroughs

SECONDER: Pati Nolen

AYES: Supervisor Jones, Supervisor Burroughs, Supervisor Walker, Vice Chair Nolen, and Chairperson Hansen

**29. ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH / CODE ENFORCEMENT - Code Enforcement 25-0510
Officers Clint Weston and Ron Robbins**

a) The Board of Supervisors adopt the recommended decision of the Planning Commission declaring the existence of a public nuisance on the property, ordering the abatement thereof; and directing an itemized accounting of the costs incurred in abating the public nuisance, without further notice of hearing.

Owner: D A Katrina James
Site Address: Kopta Rd., Corning
APN: 075-250-042 (District 5)
Code Case: CE-24-92

Code Enforcement Officer Ron Robbins discussed the travel trailer with the living occupancy and requests for a removal of recreational vehicle.

In response to Supervisor Nolen, Mr. Robbins confirmed there are no building permits only for well and septic.

In response to Supervisor Walker, Mr. Robbins explained the County's right of way regarding the dwelling.

Residential neighbors came forward and expressed their concerns with the person inhabiting the property and the safety concerns the individual has created among the neighborhood.

RESULT: APPROVE

MOVER: Greg Jones

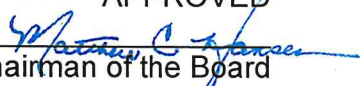
SECONDER: Matt Hansen

AYES: Supervisor Jones, Supervisor Burroughs, Supervisor Walker, Vice Chair Nolen, and Chairperson Hansen

ADJOURN

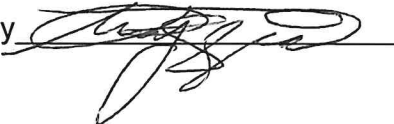
2:08 P.M. There being no further business before the Board, the meeting was adjourned.

ATTEST: April 16, 2025

APPROVED

Chairman of the Board

of Supervisors

SEAN HOUGHTBY, Clerk
of the Board of Supervisors

by  Deputy



PUBLIC COMMENT

Regarding Farquhar Rd:

The same homeowner's owned the property in 1977, when the road was accepted as a county road with the public right of way easement.

Why didn't they say something then not 40 years later?

It was dedicated when it was just like it is now.

Except for the homeowners, tearing it up and digging illegally in the creek.

They put in suicide hills and let the brush grow up for 4 years.

When the illegal gates were cut and access restored to the creek,

The county then put in illegal blocks without notifying the public about blocking the road.

I have proved everything and even found what the county couldn't find.

The creek is deemed navigable by Fish and Wildlife.

So the retired Fish and Game, Scott Williems doesn't know what he's talking about anymore, and does not speak for Fish and Wildlife.

When I spoke to fish and wildlife, they said they follow state law, and it is navigable.

On 4/13/25 there was a speed boat on it i didn't have time to get a picture.

But if it can be boated, canoed, or kayaked by motor or oars then it is navigable.

Also, Fish and Wildlife says hunting and fishing is completely legal on the south fork of cottonwood creek.

Fish and Wildlife also said that Scott Williems does not represent them in any

way, and that they have never issued any tickets there ever.

You cannot stop the public from hunting, fishing or accessing cottonwood creek.

If it is abandoned, it is still an easement. Homeowners are responsible for repairs and maintenance. Paragraph 845 of the california civil code title 3,chapter 2, of easements, maintenance and costs.This is the law.

Or do we need to go back to superior Court?

If the county would have found the county road and the easement, and when it was accepted as a county road in 19⁷⁷~~85~~, instead of me having to find it.

This would be over.

But again The county can't or won't do their job. Why do I have to?I'm not employed by

you, but maybe I should be.

Paperwork, showing what it will cost the homeowners, if this keeps going. This will cost Palmquist, Hamilton, Garwood, and the other owners on the other side of the creek, a lot of money.

Now I'm ready for court, because I've been right for 4 years.

Why aren't these people held to the same standards of the law that we are. That I am?

The everyday citizen cannot legally block off a county road or keep the public from using a public right away easement.

But for some reason to the council and the county, these homeowners are above the law, and they can do as they please.

Hold them accountable!

Hold them to the law!

§ 845. Easements; maintenance; costs; action for contributions; exception

The owner of any easement in the nature of a private right of way, or of any land to which any such easement is attached, shall maintain it in repair.

If the easement is owned by more than one person, or is attached to parcels of land under different ownership, the cost of maintaining it in repair shall be shared by each owner of the easement or the owners of the parcels of land, as the case may be, pursuant to the terms of any agreement entered into by the parties for that purpose. In the absence of an agreement, the cost shall be shared proportionately to the use made of the easement by each owner.

In the absence of an agreement, any owner of the easement, or any owner of land to which the easement is attached, may apply to the superior court where the right of way is located for the appointment of an impartial arbitrator to apportion such cost. If the arbitration award is not accepted by all of the owners, the court may determine the proportionate liability of the owners, and its order shall have the effect of a judgment.

If any one of the owners of the easement or parcels of land fails, after demand in writing, to pay his proportion of the expense, an action may be brought against him in a court of competent jurisdiction by the other owners, either jointly or severally, for contribution.

The provisions of this section shall not apply to rights of way held or used by railroad common carriers subject to the jurisdiction of the Railroad Commission of the State of California.

RECEIPT FOR COPY OF § 845. FOR ROAD MAINTENANCE

THE UNDERSIGNED MORTGAGOR HEREBY ACKNOWLEDGES RECEIPT OF A COPY OF PARAGRAPH 845 OF THE CALIFORNIA CIVIL CODE AND IS AWARE OF AND UNDERSTANDS HIS RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES UNDER CALIFORNIA CIVIL CODE, TITLE 3, CHAPTER 2, PARAGRAPH 845, WITH RESPECT TO MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR OF THE ACCESS RIGHT-OF-WAY TO THE SUBJECT PROPERTY.

DATE

MORTGAGOR

DATE

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[Go to Previous Versions of this Section](#) ▾

2024 California Code

Civil Code - CIV

DIVISION 2 - PROPERTY

PART 2 - REAL OR IMMOVABLE

PROPERTY

TITLE 3 - RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS

OF OWNERS

CHAPTER 2 - Obligations of Owners

Section 845.

Universal Citation:

CA Civ Code § 845 (2024) ○

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845. (a) The owner of any easement in the nature of a private right-of-way, or of any land to which any such easement is attached, shall maintain it in repair.

(b) If the easement is owned by more than one person, or is attached to parcels of land under different ownership, the cost of maintaining it in repair shall be shared by each owner of the easement or the owners of the parcels of land, as the case may be, pursuant to the terms of any agreement entered into by the parties for that purpose. In the absence of an agreement, the cost shall be shared proportionately to the use made of the easement by each owner.

(c) If any owner refuses to perform, or fails after demand in writing to pay the owner's proportion of the cost, an action to recover that owner's share of the cost, or for specific performance or contribution, may be brought by the other owners, either jointly or severally. The action may be brought before, during, or after performance of the maintenance work, as follows:

(1) The action may be brought in small claims court if the amount claimed to be due as the owner's proportion of the cost does not exceed the jurisdictional limit of the small claims court. A small claims judgment shall not affect apportionment of any future costs that are not requested in the small claims action.

(2) Except as provided in paragraph (1), the action shall be filed in superior court and, notwithstanding Section 1141.13 of the Code of Civil Procedure, the action shall be subject to judicial arbitration pursuant to Chapter 2.5 of Title 3 of Part 3 (commencing with Section 1141.10) of the Code of Civil Procedure. A superior court judgment shall not affect apportionment of any future costs that are not requested in the action, unless otherwise provided in the judgment.

(3) In the absence of an agreement addressing the maintenance of the easement, any action for specific performance or contribution shall be brought in a court in the county in which the easement is located.

(4) Nothing in this section precludes the use of any available alternative dispute resolution program to resolve actions regarding the maintenance of easements in the small claims court or the superior court.

(d) In the event that snow removal is not required under subdivision (a), or under any independent contractual or statutory duty, an agreement entered into pursuant to subdivision (b) to maintain the easement in repair shall be construed to include snow removal within the maintenance obligations of the agreement if all of the following exist:

(1) Snow removal is not expressly precluded by the terms of the agreement.

(2) Snow removal is necessary to provide access to the properties served by the easement.

(3) Snow removal is approved in advance by the property owners or their elected representatives in the same manner as provided by the agreement for repairs to the easement.

(e) This section does not apply to rights-of-way held or used by railroad common carriers subject to the jurisdiction of the Public Utilities Commission.

(Amended by Stats. 2012, Ch. 244, Sec. 1. (AB 1927) Effective January 1, 2013.)

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Outlook

RAISED HAND DURING PUBLIC COMMENT

From jeneric@digitalpath.net <jeneric@digitalpath.net>

Date Tue 2025-04-15 9:29 AM

To Tehama County Board of Supervisors <tcbos@tehama.gov>

I guess I will simply write a letter to address the fact that 3/5 board members ignore my emails.

The chair also has ignored my raised hand today.

I guess that is one way to limit the public.

Not cool, Guys.

Jenny Alexander

****CAUTION: This is an EXTERNAL email. Exercise caution. DO NOT open attachments or click links from unknown senders or unexpected email.****

Notice: Tehama County Board of Supervisor all county, state and federal
united States of America government agents, Re: case NT212745 and NCI11899
Date: 4/15/2025

The DMV Non-Disclosure

Contributed by "Steven" park-
more414@earthlink.net

There are reportedly some 86 million Americans who are not paying income taxes. Now just think if a good portion of those Americans woke up to the facts of the MV non-disclosure regarding what is a motor vehicle and what is not a motor vehicle. Is an example of the power of the people, let's take the case of the CB radio issue back in the 70's. The FCC was trying to get all truckers to get a license for using CB's. The truckers flat out refused and simply did not volunteer to get the license that they were trying to enforce. United together the truckers won! Read this short article below...

In 1977 the FCC introduced in addition 17 channels to make the current 40 channels that are available today. Also, in 1977 the FCC discontinued the license that was needed to operate a CB station. A license is not needed as long as you operate and follow the rules and regulations of the FCC. Here is a good story I found: **Tales of CB woe at the hands of the FCC**

Once people wake up to the fact that all acts are truly voluntary, then people will truly realize their power. As it stands right now, when someone goes down to the DMV and registers their car to get a title and plates, the unknowingly convert the car into a motor vehicle and in doing so, a commercial carrier. Here is the proof. This is taken right from the WISCONSIN TITLE & LICENSE PLATE APPLICATION.

Certification: All parties certify with their signature that to the best of their knowledge the information and

statements on this application are true and correct. The prior owner's odometer statement has been shown to the applicant and a copy of this completed application including odometer statement has been furnished to the applicant. **COMMERCIAL CARRIERS - I further certify knowledge of applicable federal and state motor carrier safety rules, regulations, standards and orders, and declare that all operations will be conducted in compliance with such requirements. Then there is a big X and a place to sign.**

Now, I know people will say, well I am not a commercial carrier and that doesn't apply to me. Guess again folks, There wasn't a check off place for an exclusion to that certification and it was that way on purpose. The STATE could have one application for people with cars and another for commercial carriers, but they DO NOT.

Here is why: JUST FOR FUN, can anyone magically find the definition of just the word "passenger" in any State Motor Vehicle Code? Hint: you won't find it! That is because this would expose the trickery the DMVs have played on people's ignorance to get them to voluntarily register their non-passenger private autos as "motor vehicles".

"driving" and "operating" are commercial terms and are being used to designate such activity on unknowing people via the statutes (not laws) whom then are only recognized as a "person" (legal entity) so that the government entities (corporations) can tax, regulate and control.

Definition of "driver" from Bouvier's Law Dictionary 1914 ed., Pg. 940 One employed in conducting a coach, carriage, wagon, or other vehicle.

Definition of "passenger" from Black's Law Dictionary, Fourth Edition, Pg. 1280. One carried for hire or reward, as distinguished from a "guest" who is one carried gratuitously...

Definition of "motor vehicle" in the U.S. Codes is: The term "motor vehicle" means every description of carriage or other contrivance propelled or drawn by mechanical power and used for commercial purposes on the highways in the transportation of passengers, passengers and property, or property or cargo. TITLE 18 > PART I > CHAPTER 2 > § 31(6)

Definition of (10) Used for commercial purposes.— The term "used for commercial purposes" means the carriage of persons or property for any fare, fee, rate, charge or other consideration, or directly or indirectly in connection with any business, or other under-

taking intended for profit.

Do you charge anyone for sitting in the car while you take them to school, to the shopping mall or travel in the car anywhere for that matter? So what are WE going to do about it?

You can begin by simply pulling out the copy of the Title and License Plate Application that you signed and reading it. It surely will be different in "your" State, but the premise is the same. Then you can NOTIFY the STATE DMV that there has been a mistake, and you wish to correct it. They will probably ignore your request so then you need to send the next notification using a notary or two witnesses. This is just one more step in taking back our freedoms and right to travel.

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From the American's Bulletin, Oregon

IRS Loses Case

A Loss so devastating, that a Federal Judge said that "if everyone did what this person did, it would be the end of this government!"

... And he didn't even use a lawyer!

- See how this person proved that he was not a taxpayer as defined by the IRS Code.
- Find out how you to can do the same.
- We provide all the evidence necessary.
- Remember, if you're not a "taxpayer" as defined by the Code, nothing in the IRS Code applies to you.
- Stop employers from being unlawful withholding agents!
- Stop Liens, Levy's, seizures and attachments.
- One call does it all.

A new and unique program to deal with IRS Problems! How to Avoid Income Taxes Lawfully!

THE
FREEDOM
FOUNDATION
Defenders of the Constitution

For More
Information
CALL

PuzzleFit
Solutions LLC

Robert M. Caruso
503-939-8158

**Notice: Tehama County Board of Supervisor all county, state and federal
united States of America government agents, Re: case NT212745 and NCI11899**
Date: 4/15/2025

DMV gives EXEMPT Plate

<http://freeinhabitant.info/travel-right-re-driver.htm>

DMV gives EXEMPT Plate, to "not for hire" driver.

Attached are new genuine CA Exempt license plates. Issued yesterday (5-15-2013) from the California Costa Mesa DMV. Total cost \$0, expires December 2099.

This man went in complaining that he keeps getting harassed as he is a "not for hire", not a US citizen, as he traveled as a right.

Possibly this is an "exemption" only from registration, true independence from the Department of Motor Vehicles would be a complete "not included".

Exemption means that they chose to not include you, actually when if "not for hire" then you are independent by right, not by privilege.

More info will soon be posted on this process being used by his many friends across the nation.

Exempt plates



<http://freeinhabitant.info/wp-content...ation+Card.pdf>

Click on the above, you will see that the "state" requires liability insurance on the Mercedes. Travel by right requires no regulation and that means no requirement for Liability insurance, all you need to understand is that you are liable under common law.

Notice: Tehama County Board of Supervisor all county, state and federal
united States of America government agents, Re: case NT212745 and NCI11899
Date: 4/15/2025

SAMUEL E. ROHRER, MEMBER
128TH LEGISLATIVE DISTRICT
HOUSE BOX 202020, MAIN CAPITOL
ROOM 402-B, IRVING OFFICE BUILDING
HARRISBURG, PA 17120-2020
PHONE: (717) 787-8330
FAX: (717) 783-7862
srohrer@pahousegop.com

DISTRICT OFFICE:
29 VILLAGE CENTER DRIVE, SUITE A7
READING, PA 19607
PHONE: (610) 775-3130
FAX: (610) 775-3736
www.samrohrer.com



House of Representatives
COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA
HARRISBURG

April 18, 2006

COMMITTEES

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EAST CENTRAL CAUCUS

Judge Phyllis R. Streitl
Chester County Court of Common Pleas
2 N. High St.
West Chester, PA 19380

Dear Judge Streitl:

It has recently been brought to my attention that on March 26, 2006, Mr. William Taylor Reil, a defendant in Criminal Action Number 4470-02 before the Court of Common Pleas, was found guilty of violating two provisions of the Transportation Code, 75 Pa. C.S.A. § 7122 (3) and 75 Pa. C.S.A. § 1543 (a).

I have come to know Mr. Reil very well during the past 14 years and I respect his understanding of the law concerning the right of an individual to travel, among other things. I believe Mr. Reil has a better understanding of this area of the law than many licensed attorneys.

While I am not a licensed attorney, I have asked a member of my staff who is a Pennsylvania licensed attorney to examine Mr. Reil's understanding of this complex issue. The conclusion reached by my staff member was that Mr. Reil has thoroughly researched the issue and has based his arguments on solid legal precedent. I have also performed my own in-depth research over the years and I, too, have reached the conclusion that Mr. Reil stands on solid legal footing.

The crux of the issue is whether Title 75 can properly be applied to an individual. Within an individual's right to liberty is the inherent right to travel. If one's movement can be restrained, such restraint is intrinsically a restraint of his liberty. Mr. Reil's use of an automobile is simply an extension of his personal liberty to move about as he wishes.

My research, and that of my staff, confirms that Title 75 can only properly be applied to commercial vehicles and commercial use of the roads. An individual who wishes to utilize an automobile or other means of conveyance in order to exercise his right to travel cannot lawfully be required to obtain a license to drive or to register his automobile in order to operate it freely on our roads.

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Notice: Tehama County Board of Supervisor all county, state and federal united States of America government agents, Re: case NT212745and NCI11899
Date: 4/15/2025

When we examine a judgment, the following indices tell us whether a court had subject matter jurisdiction. Successful litigants will know each and every one of them by heart. Subject matter jurisdiction usually fails because of one of these reasons:

(1) No petition in the record of the case, Brown v. VanKeuren, 340 Ill. 118,122 (1930).

(Subject-matter jurisdiction is the authority of the court to hear and make a determination in a court action. In Interest of M.V., 288 Ill.App.3d 300, 681 N.E.2d 532 (1st Dist. 1997). Without subject-matter jurisdiction, all of the orders and judgments issued by a judge are **void** under law, and are of no legal force or effect. In Interest of M.V., 288 Ill.App.3d 300, 681 N.E.2d 532 (1st Dist. 1997) ("Every act of the court beyond that power is void").

In all courts of limited jurisdiction, the record of the case must support any claim of subject-matter jurisdiction. If subject-matter jurisdiction does not appear from the record of the case, the presiding judge is acting without subject-matter jurisdiction and his/her orders are void, of no legal force or effect. State Bank of Lake Zurich v. Thill, 113 Ill.2d 294, 497 N.E.2d 1156 (1986))

The judge has a duty to continually inspect the record of the case, and if subject-matter jurisdiction does not appear at any time from the record of the case, then he has the duty to dismiss the case as lacking subject-matter jurisdiction. Should a judge act in any case in which he does not have subject-matter jurisdiction, he is acting unlawfully, U.S. v. Will, 449 U.S. 200, 216, 101 S.Ct. 471, 66 L.Ed.2d 392, 406 (1980); Cohens v. Virginia, 19 U.S. (6 Wheat) 264, 404, 5 L.Ed 257 (1821), and without any judicial authority. <http://www.cler.org/smj.html>

(2) Defective petition filed, Same case as above.

(3) Fraud committed in the procurement of jurisdiction, Fredman Brothers Furniture v. Dept. of Revenue, 109 Ill. 2d 202, 486 N.E. 2d 893(1985)

(4) Fraud upon the court, In re Village of Willowbrook, 37 Ill, App. 3d 393(1962)

- (5) Judge does not follow statutory procedure, *Armstrong v. Obucino*, 300 Ill 140, 143 (1921)
- (6) Unlawful activity of a judge, Code of Judicial Conduct.
- (7) Violation of due process, *Johnson v. Zerbst*, 304 U.S. 458, 58 S.Ct. 1019(193 ; *Pure Oil Co. v. City of Northlake* , 10 Ill.2d 241, 245, 140 N.E. 2d 289 (1956); *Hallberg v Goldblatt Bros.*, 363 Ill 25 (1936), (If the court exceeded it's statutory authority. *Rosenstiel v. Rosenstiel*, 278 F. Supp. 794 (S.D.N.Y. 1967)
- (8) One or more actions violated 11 U.S.C. 362(a), in re *Garcia*, 109 B.R. 335 (N.D> Illinois, 1989).
- (9) No proper pleadings presented a justiciable issue to the court, *Ligon v. Williams*, 264 Ill. App 3d 701, 637 N.E. 2d 633 (1st Dist. 1994)
- (10) A complaint states no cognizable cause of action against that party, *Charles v. Gore*, 248 Ill App. 3d 441, 618 N.E. 2d 554 (1st. Dist. 1993)
- (11) A person/law firm prohibited by law to practice law in that jurisdiction represented a litigant before the court.
- (12) The judge engaged in bribery (the Alemann cases, *Bracey v Warden* , U.S. Supreme Court No. 96-6133(June 9, 1997)
- (13) No one properly issued a summons.
- (14) No one made service of process pursuant to statute and Supreme Courth Rules, *Janove v. Bacon*, 6 Ill. 2d 245, 249, 218 N.E. 2d 706, 708 (1953)
- (15) Someone did not comply with the rules of the Circuit court.
- (16) Someone did not comply with the local rules of the special court (one where the judge does not act impartially, *Bracey v. Warden*, U.S. Supreme Court No. 96-6133(June 9, 1997)
- (17) The statute is vague, *People v. Williams*, 638 N.E. 2d 207 (1st Dist. (1994)
- (18) The movant did not give proper notice to all parties, *Wilson v. Moore*, 13 Ill. App. 3d 632, 301 N.E. 2d 39 (1st Dist. (1973).

(19) A judge based an order/judgment on a void order/judgment, Austin v. Smith, 312 F 2d 337, 343(1962);English v. English, 72 Ill. App. 3d 736, 393 N.E. 2d 18 (1st Dist. 1979) or

(20) Someone violated the public policy of the State of Illinois, Martin-Tregona v Roderick, 29 Ill. App. 3d 553, 331 N.E. 2d 100 (1st Dist. 1975)

(21) A judge does not validly hold office because of the absence of or a defect in one or more of the following:

a. qualification as a candidate (typically include American citizenship, bar membership, registered voter status, a number of years of service as an attorney, filing of a financial statement that shows compliance with law, not serving in any other branch of government),

b. appointment or election to office (illegal campaign contributions or other illegal financial entanglements can disqualify),

c. acceptance of appointment or elected position (some never bother to accept the appointment or elected position),

d. one or more loyalty oaths associated with qualification and service (a typical judge must swear the following loyalty oaths, evidenced by the signature of a person duly authorized to take acknowledgements):

i. Elector's (voter registration) loyalty oath

ii. Bar member's oath

iii. Pre-appointment/election candidate's loyalty oath

iv. Candidate's oath

v. Public Officer's or Judge's loyalty oath

vi. Public employee's loyalty oath.

About Loyalty Oaths and Appointments

Many public employees have serious defects in their oath and appointment documents, and many do not have those documents on record as required by law. The wise litigant will obtain certified copies of all such documents for all officers of the court (judges, clerk, prosecutors or opposing counsel, and bailiffs), and move for the disqualification of any and all for whom valid oath and appointment documents do not exist.

The judge validly holds office if and only if a copy of the judge's oath of office exists, and you can rightly demand that the proper final oath sworn or affirmed upon taking office situates in the judge's chambers. You can go to his office and demand to see a copy of his oath of office at any time.

The federal laws covering judges and other public officials are to be found at 5 U.S.C. 3331, 28 U.S.C. 543, and 5 U.S.C. 1983. States typically have similar laws. A judge trespasses upon the court unless he complies with all of the provisions of relevant law. Once a proven trespasser upon the court (upon the law) not one of his judgments, pronouncements or orders have validity. All constitute nullities and have void status.

Upon discovering such a trespass, you will face serious difficulty getting the trespasser removed from office, and the fact that so many litigants give up in the process explains why so many criminal trespassers still function in public office.

**Notice: Tehama County Board of Supervisor all county, state and federal
united States of America government agents, Re: case NT212745 and NCI11899**
Date: 4/15/2025

Paul Andrew Mitchell, B.A., M.S.

Private Attorney General, 18 U.S.C. 1964, Rotella v. Wood

All Rights Reserved (cf. UCC 1-308)

April 24, 2014 A.D.

The credential investigation, as we call it, became an ongoing effort in late August 2001. At that time, this writer filed a complex copyright lawsuit in Sacramento, California, USA. Although Clerk's Office personnel were definitely on our radar, we did not take that opportunity to delve too deeply into the various legal duties that are imposed by law upon Clerks and Deputy Clerks of Federal Courts. Our plates were quite full with subpoenas to defense attorneys for their (missing) licenses, and FOIA requests for the credentials required of Federal Judges and Magistrates.

As the credential investigation expanded and matured during a period spanning more than a decade after 2001, our focus slowly but surely shifted to the pivotal role of Federal Court Clerks in almost every activity and function performed by those Courts. This shift^{*} was driven chiefly by the Federal statute at 28 U.S.C. 1691, which requires a Clerk's authorized signature -and- the Court's official seal on ALL "process" issued by the Court.

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That term -- "process" -- covers just about anything and everything a Federal Court might contemplate doing, such as subpoenas, orders, writs, warrants, summonses, judgments, injunctions, and so on. Section 1691 was first enacted on June 25, 1948, and it has never been amended, to this day.

On closer examination of relevant case law which has accumulated under Section 1691 during the 65 years it has been law, we were encouraged to find standing decisions which held that its 2 simple requirements are also jurisdictional in nature: a Federal Court is deprived of jurisdiction in personam if it attempts to issue any summons, subpoena, writ or warrant that does not clearly satisfy those 2 requirements.

It was not too long before we were compelled to consider the legal implications that arise whenever Clerk's Office personnel neglect or refuse to produce evidence of their own credentials. For Clerks and Deputy Clerks of Court, those credentials include the U.S. Office of Personnel Management Standard Form 61 ("SF-61"), and the second OATH required of all Clerks and Deputy Clerks by 28 U.S.C. 951 (duties).

The latter term -- "duties" -- was then our immediate motivation

to consider the broader range of tasks which are necessarily tainted,
and thereby rendered void, whenever Clerks and Deputy Clerks of Court

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TRULINCS 44202086 - MODELESKI, MITCHELL PAUL - Unit: SET-D-C

fail to maintain legal custody of their own valid SF-61 credentials.

That motivation was boosted by the statute at 5 U.S.C. 2906,
which expressly designates the "court" -- NOT the Administrative Office
of the U.S. Courts in Washington, D.C. -- as the legal custodian of
all SF-61s required of all Court officers, no exceptions.

This line of reasoning ended up leading us to two primary and
unavoidable conclusions:

- (1) Clerks and Deputy Clerks must have legal custody of their own
SF-61 credentials, because maintaining all such records is one of
their stated duties; and,
- (2) a Federal Court is effectively rendered totally impotent,
insofar as there are no personnel in the Clerk's Office who
are duly authorized to satisfy the 2 clear requirements of
Section 1691.

La

Lacking required credentials that are also maintained in their legal custody, all of the latter interlopers -- i.e. imposters -- are not only barred from ever handling the Court's official embossing seal, and from affixing that official seal to any Court process whatsoever.

Those are not the only duties imposed by law upon Clerks and Deputy Clerks of Court. A deeper search then revealed a much larger range of their official duties. For example, Federal Clerks of Court also:

- (a) select and summon juries;
- (b) maintain custody of all Court records;
- (c) execute and preserve their own SF-61 credentials;
- (d) execute and preserve the second OATH required by 28 U.S.C. 951;
- (e) hire and delegate authority to Deputies;
- (f) transmit and archive electronic documents via email and the Internet;
- (g) handle all monies deposited with the Court;
- (h) supervise all "back office" administrative operations; and so on.

If some Deputy Clerks lack valid credentials, it is very likely that SOME of those duties are being performed without any lawful authority. In contrast, if the person claiming to be the Clerk of Court lacks valid

credentials, then ALL of those duties are being performed without any lawful authority.

The latter conclusion necessarily follows from the fact that no superior Clerk authority(s) can be delegated to any subordinate Deputy Clerk(s), if the person claiming to be the Clerk of Court also lacks valid credentials: delegation of authority is rendered legally impossible whenever the latter condition is true.

As long as the Office of Clerk of Court is legally vacant, there is no authority and no responsibility to delegate, period!

The absence of valid credentials also implicates the suspects in acts and omissions that warrant criminal penalties. The most obvious offences are concealing records in violation of 18 U.S.C. 1519, and impersonating officers of the United States in violation of 18 U.S.C. 912.

Other offenses necessarily follow as direct consequences of

impersonation and concealing records. For example, a myriad of RICO "predicate acts" are also probable, in violation of 18 U.S.C. 1962, as are deprivations of the Oath of Office Clause in the U.S. Constitution, in violation of 18 U.S.C. 242 (a misdemeanor), and conspiracy to do so in violation of 18 U.S.C. 241 (a felony Federal offense).

A simple example will serve to illustrate how quickly the "rap sheet" expands. A Clerk of Court may announce a job opening by publishing a portable document on the Internet. That announcement uses standard letterhead which displays the name and title of the person claiming to be "Clerk of Court," but s/he lacks valid credentials as a matter of fact.

Whenever someone views that computer file, its transmission or "download" via the Internet implicates the impostor/clerk in felony wire fraud, in violation of 18 U.S.C. 1343. Transmission of that document via U.S. Mail also implicates the impostor/clerk in felony mail fraud, in violation of 18 U.S.C. 1341. And so it goes, further implicating a seemingly endless series of other RICO predicate acts itemized at 18 U.S.C. 1961 e.g. jury tampering,

obstruction of justice etc.

When their negligence to prevent failure to remedy these crimes also touch other key officers, like Federal Judges and U.S. Attorneys, it is no exaggeration to allege and report the existence of an ongoing conspiracy to engage in a pattern of racketeering activities, in violation of 18 U.S.C. 1962(d).

Only two (2) RICO predicate acts during any given 10-year period qualify as a pattern of racketeering activities. See 18 U.S.C 1961(5). Here, see also 18 U.S.C. 4 (misprision of felony).

In plain English, such a Federal courthouse is thus harboring an organized crime racket that is expressly prohibited by the Federal RICO laws.

In conclusion, the rapid "domino effect" of so many RICO predicate acts should alarm even casual observers of this ongoing pattern of racketeering activities. All the more so are active litigants in great jeopardy of being victimized, and substantially damaged, by the manifold frauds those activities cause.

One of the most disturbing aspects of this entire crisis

is the widespread failures by licensed defense Counsels to investigate diligently the pertinent laws and relevant facts, and to take all steps necessary and appropriate to protect their legal clients from the obvious actual and consequential damages.

After all, licensed attorneys are also "officers of the Court," and they are likewise bound to support and defend the Oath of Office Clause at Article VI, Clause 3, in the U.S. Constitution to the same extent as all other Federal officers and employees. Here see 4 U.S.C. 101 (re: judicial officers of a State):

"Where rights secured by the Constitution are involved, there can be no rule making or legislation which would

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abrogate them." -- Miranda v. Arizona

With all sincerity, we look forward anxiously to the day

when this entire mess is thoroughly addressed and finally fixed. At a minimum, all confirmed impostors need to be removed and replaced with personnel who will honor and obey all laws which specifically apply to the Offices of Clerk and Deputy Clerk of Court.

###

[Signed Paul Mitchell]

(9) La